

# Digital Lock-In Amplifiers

SR810 and SR830 — DSP lock-in amplifiers



SR830 DSP Lock-In Amplifier

# • 1 mHz to 102.4 kHz frequency range

- ·>100 dB dynamic reserve
- 5 ppm/°C stability
- 0.01 degree phase resolution
- Time constants from 10 μs to 30 ks (up to 24 dB/oct rolloff)
- Auto-gain, -phase, -reserve and -offset
- · Synthesized reference source
- · GPIB and RS-232 interfaces
- · SR810 ... \$3650 (U.S. list)
- SR830 ... \$3950 (U.S. list)

# ·SR810 & SR830 DSP Lock-In Amplifiers —

The SR810 and SR830 DSP Lock-In Amplifiers provide high performance at a reasonable cost. The SR830 simultaneously displays the magnitude and phase of a signal, while the SR810 displays the magnitude only. Both instruments use digital signal processing (DSP) to replace the demodulators, output filters, and amplifiers found in conventional lock-ins. The SR810 and SR830 provide uncompromised performance with an operating range of 1 mHz to 102 kHz and 100 dB of driftfree dynamic reserve.

#### **Input Channel**

The SR810 and SR830 have differential inputs with 6 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ input noise. The input impedance is 10 M $\Omega$ , and minimum full-scale input voltage sensitivity is 2 nV. The inputs can also be configured for current measurements with selectable current gains of 10<sup>6</sup> and 10<sup>8</sup> V/A. A line filter (50 Hz or 60 Hz) and a 2× line filter (100 Hz or 120 Hz) are provided to eliminate line related interference. However, unlike conventional lock-in amplifiers, no tracking band-pass filter is needed at the input. This filter is used by conventional lock-ins to increase dynamic reserve. Unfortunately, band pass filters also introduce noise, amplitude and phase error, and drift. The DSP design of these lock-ins has such inherently large dynamic reserve that no band pass filter is needed.

## **Extended Dynamic Reserve**

The dynamic reserve of a lock-in amplifier, at a given fullscale input voltage, is the ratio (in dB) of the largest interfering



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signal to the full-scale input voltage. The largest interfering signal is defined as the amplitude of the largest signal at any frequency that can be applied to the input before the lock-in cannot measure a signal with its specified accuracy.

Conventional lock-in amplifiers use an analog demodulator to mix an input signal with a reference signal. Dynamic reserve is limited to about 60 dB, and these instruments suffer from poor stability, output drift, and excessive gain and phase error. Demodulation in the SR810 and SR830 is accomplished by sampling the input signal with a high-precision A/D converter, and multiplying the digitized input by a synthesized reference signal. This digital demodulation technique results in more than 100 dB of true dynamic reserve (no prefiltering) and is free of the errors associated with analog instruments.

## **Digital Filtering**

The digital signal processor also handles the task of output filtering, allowing time constants from 10 µs to 30,000 s with a choice of 6, 12, 18 and 24 dB/oct rolloff. For low frequency measurements (below 200 Hz), synchronous filters can be engaged to notch out multiples of the reference frequency. Since the harmonics of the reference have been eliminated (notably 2F), effective output filtering can be achieved with much shorter time constants.

## **Digital Phase Shifting**

Analog phase shifting circuits have also been replaced with a DSP calculation. Phase is measured with 0.01° resolution, and the X and Y outputs are orthogonal to 0.001°.

### **Frequency Synthesizer**

The built-in direct digital synthesis (DDS) source generates a very low distortion (-80 dBc) reference signal. Single frequency sine waves can be generated from 1 mHz to 102 kHz with  $4\frac{1}{2}$  digits of resolution. Both frequency and amplitude can be set from the front panel or from a computer. When using an external reference, the synthesized source is phase locked to the reference signal.

#### **Useful Features**

Auto-functions allow parameters that are frequently adjusted to automatically be set by the instrument. Gain, phase, offset and dynamic reserve are quickly optimized with a single key press. The offset and expand features are useful when examining small fluctuations in a measurement. The input



signal is quickly nulled with the auto-offset function, and resolution is increased by expanding around the relative value by up to 100×. Harmonic detection isn't limited to 2F—any harmonic (2F, 3F, ... nF) up to 102 kHz can be measured.

#### **Analog Inputs and Outputs**

Both instruments have a user-defined output for measuring X, R, X-noise, Aux 1, Aux 2, or the ratio of the input signal to an external voltage. The SR830 has a second, user-defined output that measures Y,  $\theta$ , Y-noise, Aux 3, Aux 4 or ratio. The SR810 and SR830 both have X and Y analog outputs (rear panel) that are updated at 256 kHz. Four auxiliary inputs (16-bit ADCs) are provided for general purpose use—like normalizing the input to source intensity fluctuations. Four programmable outputs (16-bit DACs) provide voltages from -10.5 V to +10.5 V and are settable via the front panel or computer interfaces.

# **Internal Memory**

The SR810 has an 8,000 point memory buffer for recording the time history of a measurement at rates up to 512 samples/s. The SR830 has two, 16k point buffers to simultaneously record two measurements. Data is transferred from the buffers using the computer interfaces. A trigger input is also provided to externally synchronize data recording.

## **Easy Operation**

The SR810 and SR830 are simple to use. All functions are set from the front-panel keypad, and a spin knob is provided to quickly adjust parameters. Up to nine different instrument configurations can be stored in non-volatile RAM for fast and easy instrument setup. Standard RS-232 and GPIB (IEEE-488.2) interfaces allow communication with computers.

Ordering Information		
SR830	DSP dual phase lock-in amplifier (w/ rack mount)	\$3950
SR810	DSP single phase lock-in amplifier (w/ rack mount)	\$3650
SR550	Voltage preamplifier (100 M $\Omega$ , 3.6 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ )	\$595
SR552	Voltage preamplifier (100 k $\Omega$ , 1.4 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ )	\$595
SR554	Transformer preamplifier $(0.091 \text{ nV/}\sqrt{\text{Hz}})$	\$995
SR540	Optical chopper	\$1095



SR810/830 rear panel



# **SR810 and SR830 Specifications**

**Signal Channel** 

Single-ended or differential Voltage inputs

2 nV to 1 V Sensitivity Current input  $10^6 \text{ or } 10^8 \text{ V/A}$ 

Input impedance

Voltage  $10 \text{ M}\Omega + 25 \text{ pF, AC or DC coupled}$ 

Current 1 k $\Omega$  to virtual ground Gain accuracy  $\pm 1 \% (\pm 0.2 \% \text{ typ.})$ 6 nV/√Hz at 1 kHz Noise (typ.)

 $0.13 \text{ pA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$  at 1 kHz ( $10^6 \text{ V/A}$ )  $0.013 \text{ pA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$  at 100 Hz ( $10^8 \text{ V/A}$ ) 50/60 Hz and 100/120 Hz (Q = 4) Line filters **CMRR** 100 dB to 10 kHz, decreasing by

6 dB/oct above 10 kHz

Dynamic reserve >100 dB (without prefilters)  $<5 \text{ ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$ Stability

**Reference Channel** 

Frequency range 0.001 Hz to 102.4 kHz Reference input TTL or sine (400 mVpp min.)

Input impedance 1 M $\Omega$ , 25 pF

 $0.01^{\circ}$  front panel,  $0.008^{\circ}$  through Phase resolution

computer interfaces

Absolute phase error <1° <0.001° Relative phase error  $90^{\circ} \pm 0.001^{\circ}$ Orthogonality Phase noise

> Internal ref. Synthesized, <0.0001° rms at 1 kHz 0.005° rms at 1 kHz (100 ms time External ref.

constant, 12 dB/oct)

<0.01°/°C below 10 kHz, Phase drift <0.1°/°C above 10 kHz

Harmonic detection 2F, 3F, ... nF to 102 kHz (n < 19,999)

(2 cycles + 5 ms) or 40 ms,Acquisition time

whichever is larger

**Demodulator** 

Stability Digital outputs and display: no drift

Analog outputs: <5 ppm/°C for all

dynamic reserve settings

Harmonic rejection -90 dB

Time constants 10 µs to 30 ks (6, 12, 18, 24 dB/oct

rolloff). Synchronous filters available below 200 Hz.

**Internal Oscillator** 

Range 1 mHz to 102 kHz Frequency accuracy  $25 \text{ ppm} + 30 \text{ }\mu\text{Hz}$ 

Frequency resolution 4½ digits or 0.1 mHz, whichever

is greater

-80 dBc (f <10 kHz), −70 dBc Distortion

(f > 10 kHz) @ 1 Vrms amplitude

Amplitude 0.004 to 5 Vrms into  $10 \text{ k}\Omega$  (2 mV resolution), 50  $\Omega$  output impedance,

50 mA maximum current into 50  $\Omega$ 

Amplitude accuracy Amplitude stability

1 % 50 ppm/°C Outputs Sine, TTL (When using an external

> reference, both outputs are phase locked to the external reference.)

**Displays** 

Channel 1 4½-digit LED display with

> 40-segment LED bar graph, X, R, X-noise, Aux 1 or Aux 2. The display can also be any of these quantities divided by Aux 1 or Aux 2.

4½-digit LED display with

Channel 2 (SR830) 40-segment LED bar graph. Y,  $\theta$ ,

Y-noise, Aux 3 or Aux 4. The display can also be any of these quantities

divided by Aux 3 or Aux 4.

Offset X, Y, R can be offset up to  $\pm 105 \%$ 

of full scale.

Expand X, Y, R can be expanded by 10×

or 100×.

Reference 4½-digit LED display

**Inputs and Outputs** 

CH2 output (SR830)

CH1 output X, R, X-noise, Aux 1 or Aux 2,

(±10 V), updated at 512 Hz Y,  $\theta$ , Y-noise, Aux 3 or Aux 4,

 $(\pm 10 \text{ V})$ , updated at 512 Hz X, Y outputs In-phase and quadrature components

( $\pm 10 \text{ V}$ ), updated at 256 kHz. (rear panel) Aux. A/D inputs 4 BNC inputs, 16-bit,  $\pm 10$  V,

1 mV resolution, sampled at 512 Hz

4 BNC outputs, 16-bit,  $\pm 10$  V, Aux. D/A outputs

1 mV resolution

Sine out Internal oscillator analog output TTL out Internal oscillator TTL output Data buffer The SR810 has an 8k point buffer. The SR830 has two 16k point

buffers. Data is recorded at rates to 512 Hz and read through the

computer interfaces.

Trigger synchronizes data recording Trigger in (TTL) Remote preamp Provides power to the optional

SR550, SR552 and SR554 preamps

General

IEEE-488.2 and RS-232 interfaces Interfaces

> standard. All instrument functions can be controlled and read through IEEE-488.2 or RS-232 interfaces.

Power 40 W, 100/120/220/240 VAC,

50/60 Hz

 $17" \times 5.25" \times 19.5"$  (WHD) **Dimensions** 

Weight

Warranty One year parts and labor on defects

in materials and workmanship